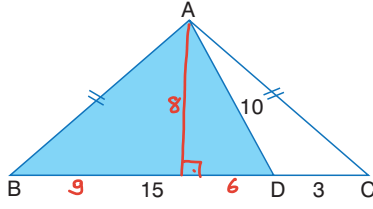


1.



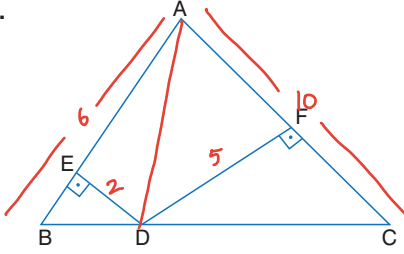
ABC üçgen
 $|AB| = |AC|$
 $|AD| = 10$ cm
 $|BD| = 15$ cm
 $|DC| = 3$ cm

Yukarıdaki verilere göre, $A(\triangle ABD)$ kaç cm^2 'dir?

- A) 45 B) 50 C) 54 **D) 60** E) 75

$$A(\triangle ABD) = \frac{15 \cdot 8}{2} = 60$$

2.



ABC üçgen
 $[DE] \perp [AB]$
 $[DF] \perp [AC]$
 $|AB| = 6$ cm
 $|AC| = 10$ cm
 $|DE| = 2$ cm
 $|DF| = 5$ cm

Yukarıdaki verilere göre, $A(\triangle ABC)$ kaç cm^2 'dir?

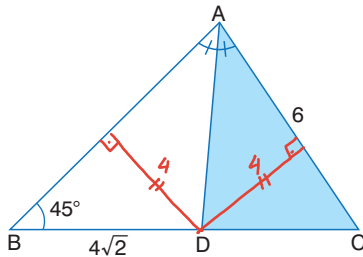
- A) 27 **B) 31** C) 33 D) 36 E) 39

$$A(\triangle ABD) = \frac{6 \cdot 2}{2} = 6$$

$$A(\triangle ABC) = 6 + 25 = 31$$

$$A(\triangle ADC) = \frac{10 \cdot 5}{2} = 25$$

3.



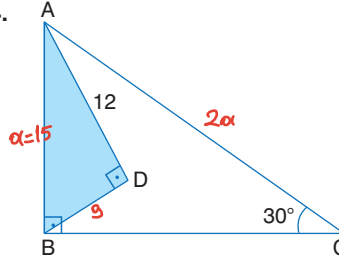
$[AD]$, $\triangle ABC$ 'nin
 açıortayı
 $m(\angle C) = 45^\circ$
 $|BD| = 4\sqrt{2}$ cm
 $|AC| = 6$ cm

Yukarıdaki verilere göre, $A(\triangle ADC)$ kaç cm^2 'dir?

- A) 6 B) $6\sqrt{2}$ **C) 12** D) $8\sqrt{2}$ E) $12\sqrt{2}$

$$A(\triangle ADC) = \frac{6 \cdot 4}{2} = 12$$

4.



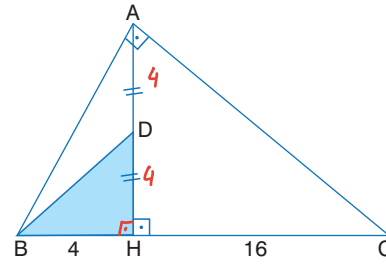
$[AB] \perp [BC]$
 $[AD] \perp [BD]$
 $m(\angle C) = 30^\circ$
 $|AB| + |AC| = 45$ cm
 $|AD| = 12$ cm

Yukarıdaki verilere göre, $A(\triangle ABD)$ kaç cm^2 'dir?

- A) 30 B) 36 C) 48 D) 50 **E) 54**

$$A(\triangle ABD) = \frac{9 \cdot 12}{2} = 54$$

5.



ABC dik üçgen
 $[AH] \perp [BC]$
 $|AD| = |DH|$
 $|BH| = 4$ cm
 $|HC| = 16$ cm

Yukarıdaki verilere göre, $A(\triangle BDH)$ kaç cm^2 'dir?

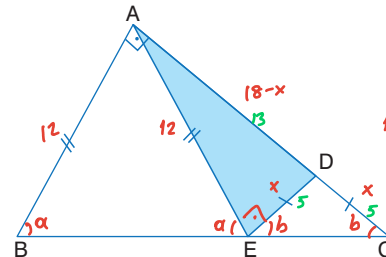
- A) 6 **B) 8** C) 10 D) 12 E) 16

$$\text{Öklit teo; } h^2 = p \cdot k \Rightarrow |AH|^2 = 4 \cdot 16$$

$$|AH| = 8$$

$$A(\triangle BDH) = \frac{4 \cdot 4}{2} = 8$$

6.



ABC dik üçgen
 $[AB] \perp [AC]$

$$|AB| = |AE| = 12$$
 cm

$$|AC| = 18$$
 cm

$$|DE| = |DC|$$

Yukarıdaki verilere göre, $A(\triangle AED)$ kaç cm^2 'dir?

- A) 18 B) 24 **C) 30** D) 36 E) 48

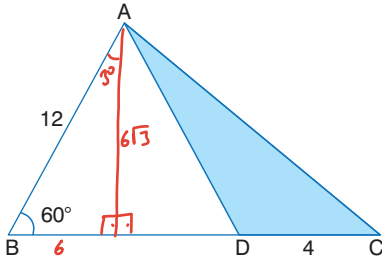
$$1) \alpha + \beta = 90 \text{ ise ; } m(\angle AED) = 90 \text{ dir.}$$

$$2) (18-x)^2 = x^2 + 12^2$$

$$x = 5$$

$$3) A(\triangle AED) = \frac{5 \cdot 12}{2} = 30$$

7.



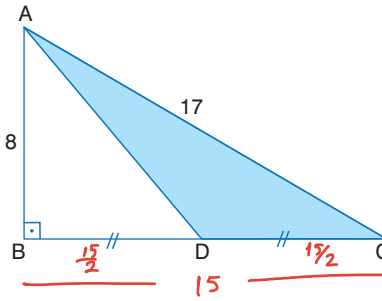
$m(\hat{ABC}) = 60^\circ$
 $|AB| = 12 \text{ cm}$
 $|DC| = 4 \text{ cm}$

Yukarıdaki verilere göre, $A(\hat{ADC})$ kaç cm^2 'dir?

- A) 12 B) $8\sqrt{3}$ C) $10\sqrt{3}$ D) $12\sqrt{3}$ E) 16

$$A(ADC) = \frac{4 \cdot 6\sqrt{3}}{2} = 12\sqrt{3}$$

8.



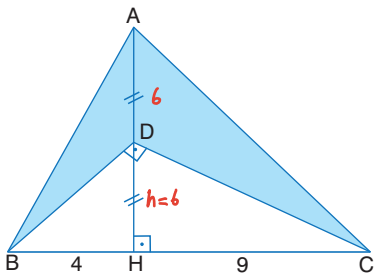
ABC dik üçgen
 $|AC| = 17 \text{ cm}$
 $|AB| = 8 \text{ cm}$
 $|BD| = |DC|$

Yukarıdaki verilere göre, $A(\hat{ADC})$ kaç cm^2 'dir?

- A) 15 B) 20 C) 25 D) 30 E) 35

$$A(ADC) = \frac{15 \cdot 8}{2} = 30$$

9.



ABC üçgen
 $[AH] \perp [BC]$
 $[BD] \perp [DC]$
 $|AD| = |DH|$
 $|BH| = 4 \text{ cm}$
 $|HC| = 9 \text{ cm}$

Yukarıdaki verilere göre, taralı alan $A(ABDC)$ kaç cm^2 'dir?

- A) 33 B) 36 C) 39 D) 42 E) 45

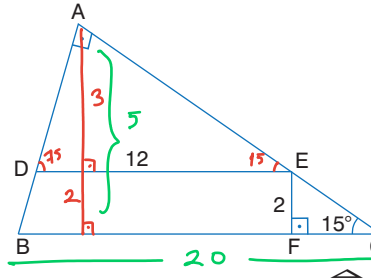
$$1) h^2 = p \cdot k \quad 2) A(ABDC) = \frac{6 \cdot 13}{2} = 39$$

$$h^2 = 4 \cdot 9$$

$$h = 6$$

7-D 8-D 9-C

10.



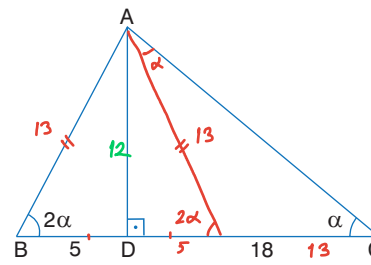
ABC dik üçgen
 $[EF] \perp [BC]$
 $[DE] \parallel [BC]$
 $m(\hat{ACB}) = 15^\circ$
 $|DE| = 12 \text{ cm}$
 $|EF| = 2 \text{ cm}$

Yukarıdaki verilere göre, $A(\hat{ABC})$ kaç cm^2 'dir?

- A) 50 B) 54 C) 60 D) 64 E) 72

$$A(ABC) = \frac{20 \cdot 5}{2} = 50$$

11.



ABC üçgen
 $[AD] \perp [BC]$
 $|BD| = 5 \text{ cm}$
 $|DC| = 18 \text{ cm}$

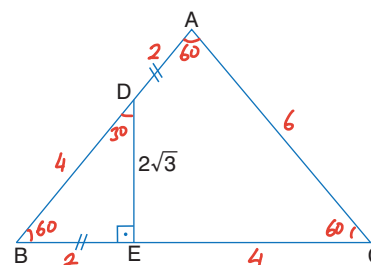
$m(\hat{ABC}) = 2m(\hat{ACB})$

Yukarıdaki verilere göre, $A(\hat{ABC})$ kaç cm^2 'dir?

- A) 184 B) 138 C) 120 D) 115 E) 92

$$A(ABC) = \frac{23 \cdot 12}{2} = 138$$

12.



ABC eşkenar üçgen
 $[DE] \perp [BC]$
 $|AD| = |BE|$
 $|DE| = 2\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}$

Yukarıdaki verilere göre, $A(\hat{ABC})$ kaç cm^2 'dir?

- A) $4\sqrt{3}$ B) $6\sqrt{3}$ C) $9\sqrt{3}$ D) $10\sqrt{3}$ E) $12\sqrt{3}$

$$A(ABC) = \frac{4^2 \sqrt{3}}{4} = \frac{6^2 \sqrt{3}}{4} = 9\sqrt{3}$$

10-A 11-B 12-C